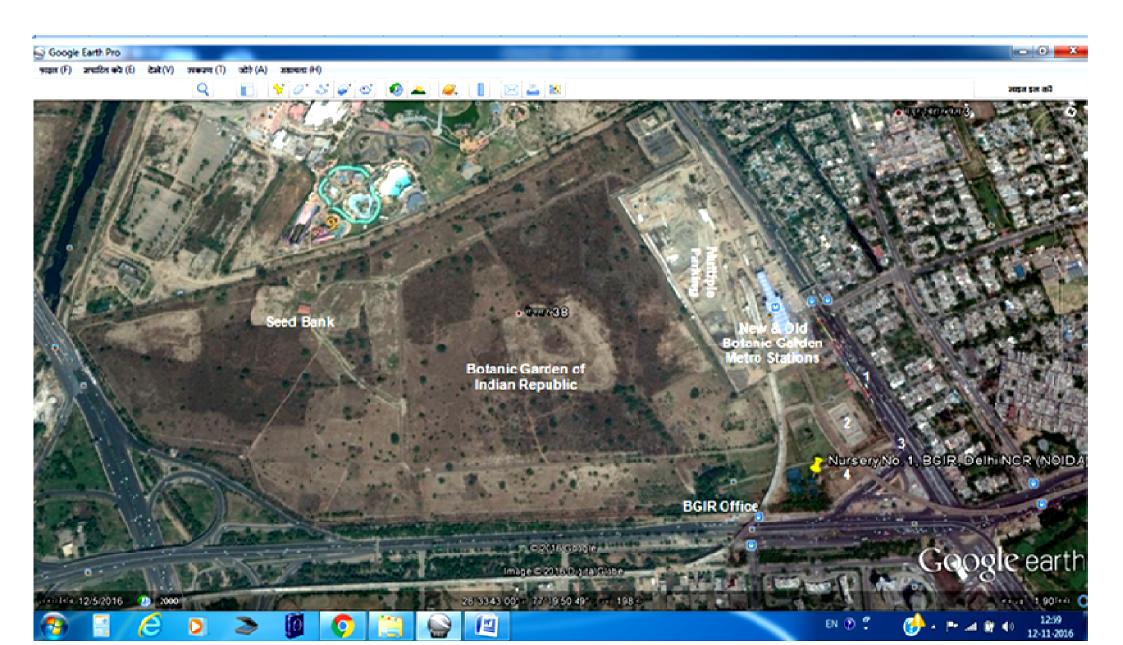
BOTANIC GARDEN OF INDIAN REPUBLIC

ANNUAL SCIENTIFIC MEET'2017



PROFILE

Name of the Scientific Staff
 Dr. SHEO KUMAR

2. Designation (with Department/Unit/Circle): SCIENTIST 'E' & HEAD

Botanic Garden of Indian Republic

3. Date of Joining in BSI : 18.06.2001 (AN)

a. As a Research Fellow : N/A

b. As a staff : SCIENTIST 'C'

4. Total tenure in BSI (including fellowship tenure) : 16 years 08 months

Field of work/specialisation :

- a. As per Educational Qualification:
 - Plant Pathology during 1st M.Sc. during 1983,
 - ii. Ecology & Environment during 2nd M.Sc. and Geographic Information System (GIS) during 2004,
 - iii. Physico-chemical Characteristics of Water & Soil and Aquatic Microbiology of different raw drinking water sources (Algae, Bacteria, Extra-Aquatic Fungi and Zooplankton) during UGC Project (1985 - 88) and Ph.D. Degree during 1990.

- b. As per requirement of Scientific Projects and Job Assignments in different Institutions:
 - i. Before Joining BSI:
 - a. Aquatic & Terrestrial Macorphytes, Heavy Metals, Bioaccumulation and Biomagnification as well as their toxicity in different micro to macro-organisms (like Algae, Bacteria, Zooplankton and Freshwater Polychaetes and Tadpole Larvae of Frog) during GPD Project of MOEF,
 - b. Aero-mycoflora and Mitigation against Impact of Ambient Air Pollutants on Terrestrial Plants during DOEn Project, MOEF,
 - Impact of plant extract on raw drinking water for elimination of undesirable chemicals and Microbes and their toxicity in Mice and Histo-pathological Studies, etc. during CSIR Pool Scientist Project
 - d. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Environmental Management Plan (EMP), Environmental Designing and Clearances for Highway & Other Projects while working in ICT Pvt. Ltd.

ii. After Joining BSI:

- a. Phytoplankton of different Water-bodies while working in BSI Hqr.,
- b. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) while working in BSI Hqr.,
- c. Cactus & Succulents while working in AJCBIBG and BGIR,
- d. Terrestrial Fungi (Basidiomycetes specially Mushrooms and Ascomyetes) while working in AJCBIBG,
- e. ex-situ Conservation of endemic and threatened as well as other plants (Introduction, Plantation, Propagation/Multiplication, Training/Arboriculture, etc.) and curious aquatic and terrestrial plants like Lotus, Victoria, Great Banyan Tree, Double Coconut, etc. while working in AJCBIBG and BGIR,
- f. Designing of Museum, Conservatories, water-bodies, Landscaping and Environmental Training and Awareness while working in AJCBIBG and BGIR.

Title of Ph.D. Thesis Drinking Water Quality of Different Sources at Bhagalpur

Name of the project

Drinking water quality of different sources at Bhagalpur and its suburbs

University/institution: T. M. Bhagalpur University, Bhagalpur.

PROJECTS CARRIED OUT

Annual Action Plan

While working in BSI Hqr. :

- Taxonomic Studies of Phytoplankton in India Maldah District is Completed as reported 386 Phytoplanktonic algae and 37 macrophytes
- Preparation of Checklist of Algae (Freshwater and Marine) of India for Class: Cyanophyta, Order: i. Chaemosiphonales and ii. Stigonematales from 03.12.2003 to 03.01.2007

While working in AJCBIBG:

❖ Basidiomycetes Fungi of AJCBIBG from 1st Sep., 2011 up to 31st Mar., 2013

Projects Ongoing in BGIR:

- Collection of plants for introduction (from different destinations of the country)
- Development of database of introduced trees of BGIR, NOIDA
- Development of database of medicinal plants of BGIR

Number of Plant species conserved in BGIR

S. No.	Category of Plants	Number of Species Conserved
1	Endemic	175
2	Apparently Secure (Nature Serve)	1
3	Conservation Dependent (IUCN 2.3)	3
4	Critically Endangered (IUCN 2.3)	3
5	Data Deficient (IUCN 2.3)	8
6	Endangered (IUCN 2.3)	15
7	Extinct (IUCN 2.3)	1
8	Least Concern (IUCN 2.3)	23
9	Near Threatened (IUCN 2.3)	8
10	Secure (Nature Serve)	5
11	Vulnerable (IUCN 2.3)	15
12	Plant species of other Categories	973
	Total	1230

More than 10,500 individuals of 1230 introduced plant species existing in BGIR and

Seeds of 270 species have been conserved in Seed Bank

Medicinal Plants: more than 400 species among

121 species as endemic

Herbarium : 1800

Others:

- ❖ As Coordinator Monitored 68 EIA Projects for 03 years 06 months in BSI Hqr. from Aug., 2001 to Feb., 2005.
- On deputation in MOEF&CC monitored and assisted for about 150 Scientific Projects on AICOPTAX, CORAL REEFS, MANGROVES, FRLHT, Parliament Questions, Organising Workshop, Meetings, etc. for 01 year (from Feb., 2005 to Aug., 2005 and from Oct., 2005 to Mar., 2006)
- ❖ Assistance to Botanic Garden and made corrections in 'Guidelines for Assistance to Botanic Garden' from 20.02.2013 to 14.05.2013 in MOEF&CC.

ADMINISTRATIVE WORKS CARRIED

As HOO:

Microbiology Section 18.06.2001 (AN) to Sep., 2006

> AJCB Indian Botanic Garden : Occasionally for 71 days.

➤ Botanic Garden of Indian Republic : Continuing since 12.03.2013.

DDO

➤ AJCB Indian Botanic Garden : Occasionally up to 04.08.2008.

➤ Botanic Garden of Indian Republic: Continuing since 25th May, 2015.

Technical: Curator for 06 year 04 months (Oct., 2006 to Feb., 2013) in AJCBIBG

Others:

As Coordinator on behalf of BSI for:

- Monitor Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of developmental projects in India for 68 EIA Projects within a period of 03 years 06 months (from Aug., 2001 to Feb., 2005) while working in BSI Hqr.
- > Assistance to Botanic Garden from 20.02.2013 to 14.05.2013 in MOEF&CC.
- > Rajbhasha Adhikari for 06 year 04 months (Oct., 2006 to Feb., 2013) in AJCBIBG.

Judicial Matters: On behalf of the BSI/AJCBIBG attended court matters since Nov., 2008 till Jul., 2011:

✓ High Court Case:

- i. PIL, W.P. 2856 (W) of 2002 and associated Sub-sequent Court Cases attended several hearings in Hon'ble Calcutta High Court and West Bengal State Pollution Control Board, interacted with the CID Officials and Govt. Counsel at several occasions.
- ii. As per Special Officer constituted by the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court, monitored excavation work undertaken for detection of fault in 132 KV cable line for repairing by the CESC, Kolkata from 30.03.2011 to 07.04.2011.
- iii. Attended 21 Hearings/Meetings for different Court Cases under PIL WP No. 2856(W) of 2002 and concerned agencies like HMC, Howrah; CESC and WBPCB, Kolkata who were asked to comply the order of the Hon"ble Calcutta High Court and prepared and submitted Affidavits, Action Taken Reports, etc. for the following:
- ✓ Fire incidents, contamination in Lakes and death of fishes, CESC, chemical and solid waste dumps and disposal, Tree inventory, etc.
- ✓ Led special duty from 06.04.2011 onwards between 05.00 AM to 08.00 AM to prevent entry of free visitors with their vehicle in the garden for seven days and complied orders No. AJCBIBG-135/NOTICE/ 2011-Admn./714(A) dtd. 04.04.2011 and 05.04.2011 satisfactorily and is of the greatest achievement.
- ✓ The Case filed vide CAN. No. 4515 of 2011 (under PIL W.P. No. 2856(W) of 2002) by NGO's against AJCBIBG for entry of vehicle of free visitors and parking was looked after properly since inception and won the case in the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court on 19.05.2011 is of the greatest achievement.
- ✓ Court Cases: Cases filed by the incumbents for seeking service benefits.
- ✓ **Juvenile Court Case :** Under Community Services work undertaken in the garden by the prisoners.

PARKING AT HOWRAH GATE



PUBLICATIONS

- ❖ Book(s)/Chapters in Book(s) [excluding abstracts]
 ✓ Five Books / 16 Chapters published and 03 books are under preparation.
- Brochures/Pamphlets: Three
 - ✓ 'Ban of Activities and Entry of Items in Botanic Garden of Indian Republic', BSI, MOEF, Govt. of India, NOIDA, Jul., 2013,
 - ✓ Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for developing BGIR during 2015 and
 - ✓ Flower Show'2016.
- Periodicals (only published/accepted): 47(36 / 11 including Abstracts 12 / 4 in Proceedings) in National/International.
- Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Training/Exhibition (only in numbers)
 - (a) National : Attended 47; Delivered (oral/poster) : 15
 - (b) International: Attended 02; Delivered (oral/poster): 02
- Coverage by Media and TV Channels in Consultation : Two movies made by News Nation :
 - √ 'Kalpavrisha',
 - √ '40 Crore Saal Ki Mistry'
- ❖ More than 180 news articles published on BGIR since last 4 years.

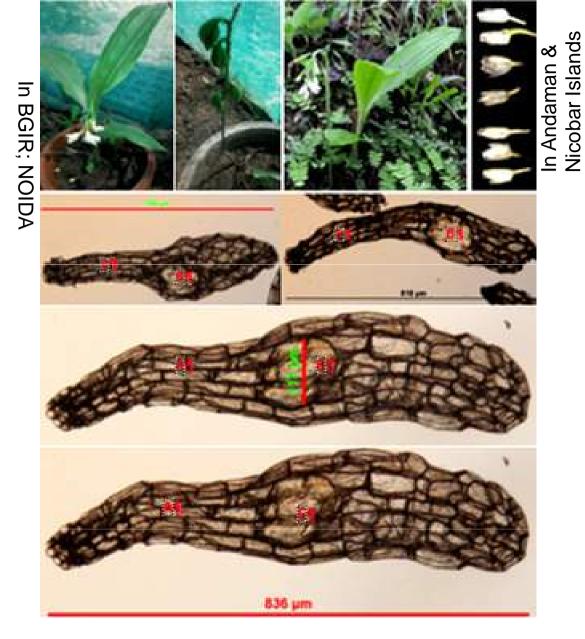
NEW REPORTS: 3+

- ✓ KUMAR, SHEO, J. LAL AND P. GUPTA (2005). *Ricciocarpos* corda Opiz (Hepaticae) from Maldah District, West Bengal: A new generic record from Gangetic Plain. *Bull. Bot. Surv. India* 47(1-4): 131 132. ISSN: 0006-8128.
- ✓ New Distributional Area of Plant Species Geodorum appendiculatum Griff. also found in Andaman and Nicobar Islands on 20.06.2016 (and BGIR since last 3 years) other than Assam where it was 1st reported by Griffith during 1845 - Communicated for Publication.
- ✓ New living form of Fern species *Ceratopteris thalictroides* (L.) Brongniart (Family Pteridaceae) commonly known as water sprite, Indian fern and others, usually grow in water from sea level to 1300 m is found naturally growing in Nursery No. 2 of BGIR since June, 2016 under preparation.

Need to be Reported by getting them Published as identified many species are seems new to science and area of inventorisation from reported number of species:

- ✓ Out of recorded 386 phytoplanktonic algal forms under the project 'Taxonomic Studies of Phytoplankton in India' and
- ✓ Out of recorded 112 species of Basidiomycetes (Mushrooms) and Ascomycetes Fungi under the project 'Basidiomycetes Fungi of AJCBIBG'.





Geodorum appendiculatum Griff. Live Plant with Flower and Mature Fruits in BGIR and in Andaman & Nicobar Islands; Microphotographs of Seeds (A = Cellular Wing of Seed; B = Actual Seed)



Ceratopteris thalictroides (L.) Brongniart, Planted in another pot on 29.06.2016, Two different kind of leaves are under development on 14.07.2016 and 4. Earlier formed leaves vanished on 12.08.2016.

AWARDS/MEMBERSHIPS

Awarded Awards of Different Funding Agencies/Scientific Societies:

- ➤ CSIR, New Delhi, British Council Division, Calcutta and Organising Secretariat, INTECOL'94, Manchester, U.K in 1994.
- ▶ D.S.T., New Delhi and Organising Secretariat, ICCML, KASUMIGAURA'95, Ibaraki, Japan in 1995,
- CSIR, New Delhi for Pool Officer (PO)/Senior Research Associate (SRA) in 1996,
- ➤ CSIR, New Delhi and Organising Secretariat of 7th ICCML, LACAR'97, Argentina in 1997,
- ➤ Best Research Paper Under BRPM Competition (BPA Certificate-1998) of 19th Annual Symposium of the Academy of the Environmental Biology at Bareilly in Nov., 1998.
- FIAAPC: Fellow of the *Indian Association for Air Pollution Control (IAAPC),* Vadodara (India) on 5th June, 2004.

Memberships:

- Indian Science Congress Association, Calcutta (India),
- > Indian Association for Air Pollution Control, Vadodara (India),
- National Book Trust of India, New Delhi (India)

Edited/Reviewed (Books/Periodicals/Ph.D. Theses) [list the name of books and periodicals]:

- 1. In *Environment Bulletin* (ed. By R. C. Dalela, K. Gopal and D. Dalela), *Acad. Environ. Biol.*, Lucknow, **15**(2): 63, 1999 the following books:
 - ✓ Dictionary of Aquaculture by Dr. Akhilesh Kumar Singh and Anil MIttal,
 - ✓ Limnological Research in India by Dr. S.R. Misra,
 - ✓ Ecological Imbalances of the Ganga River System, Its Impact on Aquaculture by Dr. P. Ray and
 - ✓ Conservation and Management of Aquatic Resources by Dr. Ashutosh Gautam.
- 2. In Bull. Botanical Survey of India, Kolkata, 41(1-4): 196, 1999 (appeared in 2001) the following books:
 - Microbial Interaction in Agriculture and Forestry by Dr. N. S. Subba Rao and Dr. Y. P. Dommergues and
 - Crop Improvement : Quality Characters by Dr. U. S. Gupta.
- 3. Reviewed and submitted 11 Project Proposal for Seeking Financial Assistance to the Botanic Gardens located in different parts of India from MOEF on 07.09.2009.

As supervisor (supervising scholars for the award of Ph.D. only): NIL

However, supervised for 6 Master's Dissertation projects including one project is continuing are as follows:

- ➤ During Jul., 2013 Three Projects entitled :
 - Method to Break Seed Dormancy of Medicinal Plants by Ms. Kritika Gupta (E.No. 02016300312)
 - ❖ Wild Plants of Botanic Garden of Indian Republic, NOIDA by Ms. Apoorva Dubey
 - ❖ Impact of different concentration of Gibberellic Acid on Growth of Seedlings of selected Medicinal Plants - by Ms. Preeti Singh (E.No. 00216300312) for their M.Sc. Degree in Biodiversity and Conservation from University School of Environment Management (USEM), GGSIPU, Delhi.
- During May, 2014 One project entitled :
 - Landscape proposal for Botanic Garden of Indian Republic by Ms. Tripta Singh (E No. SPA/NS/LA/508)
 for her Masters' Degree in Landscape Architecture from School of Planning &
 - for her Masters' Degree in Landscape Architecture from School of Planning & Architecture, New Delhi.
- During July, 2015 One Project entitled :
 - Inventory of Wild Medicinal Plants, Soil Characteristics and Conservation in BGIR by Ms Damini Sharma (E No. 01316300314)
 - for her M.Sc. Degree in Biodiversity and Conservation from University School of Environment Management (USEM), GGSIPU, Delhi
- ➤ Feb., 2017 continuing since 06.02.2017 One project entitled :
 - Assessment for Value of Botanic Garden of Indian Republic (BGIR), NOIDA by Shristi Marwah
 - for her M.Sc. Degree in Botany from Gautam Budha University, Greater NOIDA

Work undertaken for Development in Institutions/Organisation:

Other than above, services also extended for development of the Institutions in various ways are as follows:

BSI Hqr.:

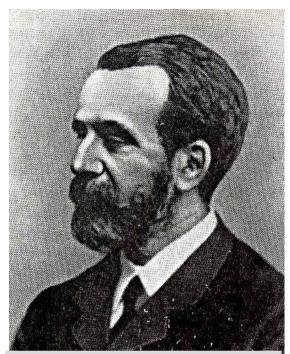
Sifting of BSI Head Quarter from Brabourne Road, Kolkata to Salt Lake, Kolkata in two phases during 2004 (Phase 1 during Oct., 2004 and Phase 2 during Nov., 2004).

> AJCBIBG:

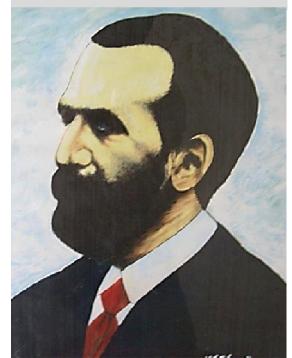
- ✓ Plan to Make IBG Friendly and digitised the Garden Plan Map along with incorporation of monument of Carl Mez and Boating in Prain & King's Lake submitted to the Director, BSI on 16.02.2004.
- ✓ Plan for Plantation as per Plant Phylogeny and Extension of Charak Udyan submitted to the Joint Director, IBG, BSI, Howrah on 16.06.2006.
- ✓ Layout of historic/archaeologically important William Roxburgh Building and Plan for William Roxburgh Museum - submitted to the Joint Director, Indian Botanic Garden, BSI, Howrah on 10.07.2006 and 12.07.2006 respectively.
- ✓ Layout Map of Flower Show'2012 with measurements of Stage, Pandal, Places of Exhibits, FIRST AID, etc. on 12.12.2011, approved by the Flower Show Committee Members on 14.12.2011 and accordingly, the Flower Show'12 was organised from Jan. 28th to 30th, 2012.
- ✓ Designed Hoardings/Sign Boards and direction Signage's along with slogans keeping in view of Environmental Education/Awareness.
- ✓ Boating in Prain and King's Lake during 2007.

ईस्ट इंडिया कम्पनी के ब्रिगेड सर्जन, लेफ्ट. कर्नल सर जॉर्ज किंग को इस उद्यान का अधीक्षक सन् 1871 ई. में बनाया गया तथा इस उदयान का देख-भाल सन् 1897 ई. तक किया ।

इन्होंने अपने कार्यकाल में पूरे उद्यान का जीर्णोंधार के साथ-साथ 25 झीलों तथा सड़कों का निर्माण करवाया जिसे जोड़ने पर इसकी लम्बाई 17 कि.मी. है जो आज भी विद्यमान है।

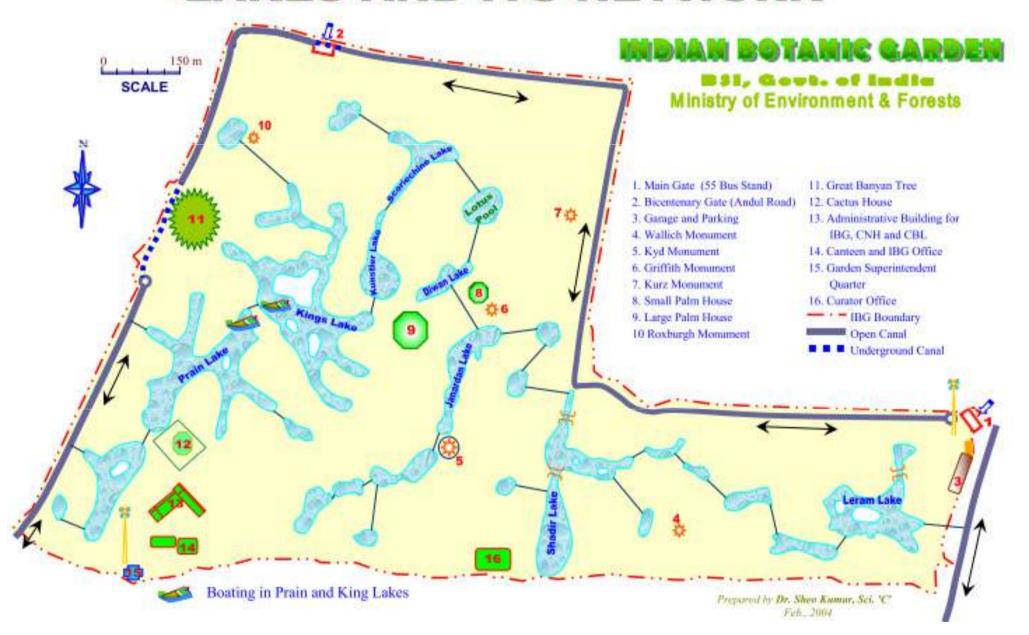


लेफ्ट.कर्नल सर जॉर्ज किंग





LAKES AND ITS NETWORK



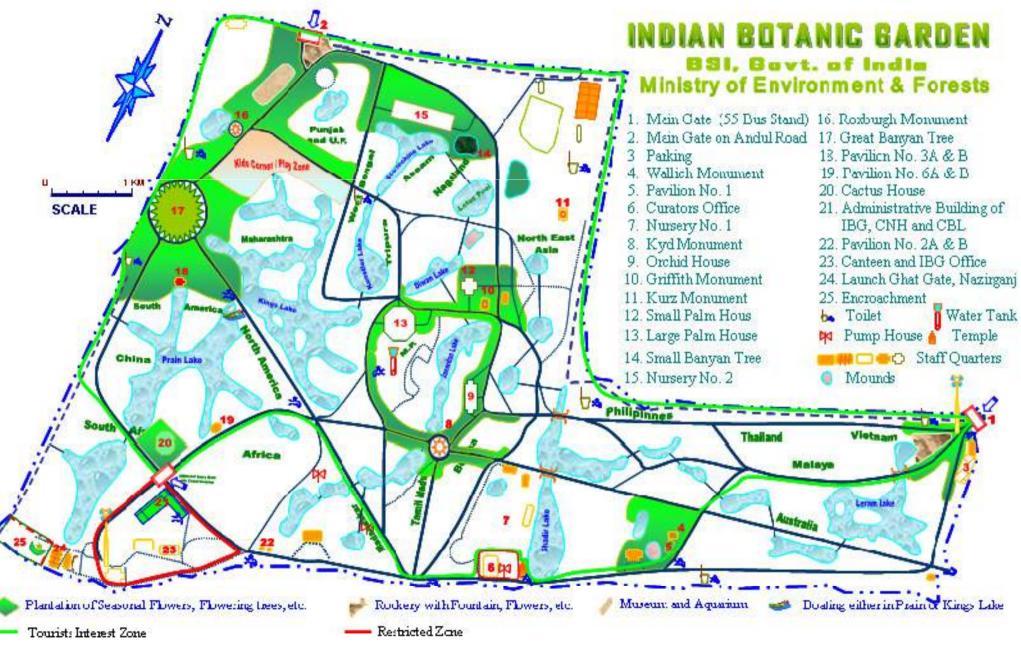


Prepared by Dr. Shea Kumar, Ser 'C'

FTA Journaling Cell, HSI Kolkata Howersh

Restricted Zone

Plan to Make IBG Friendly



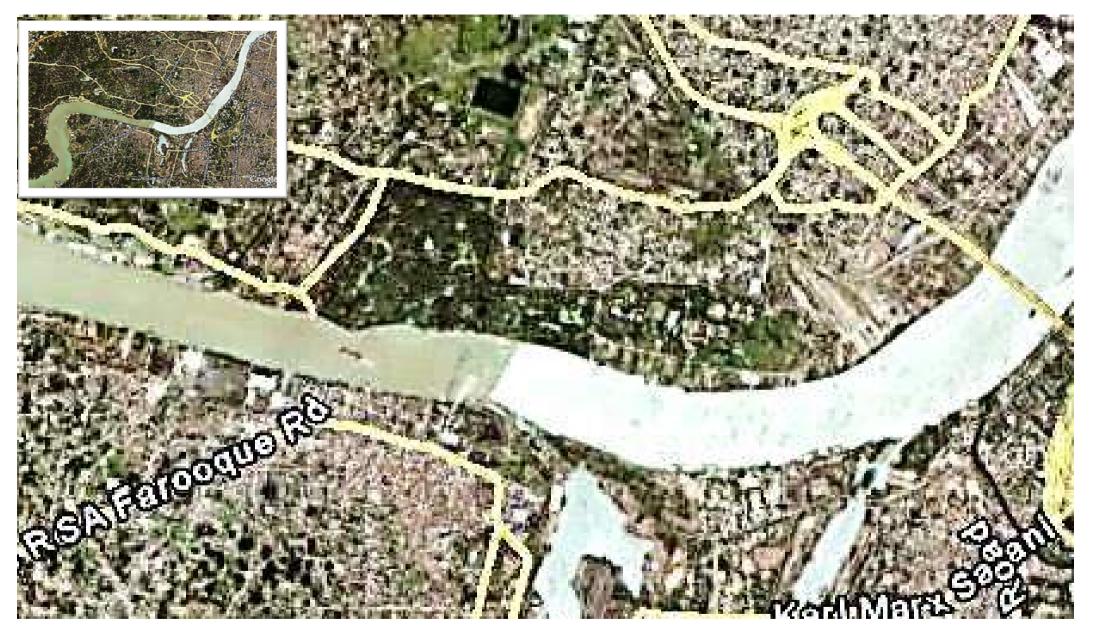
Plan to Make IBG Friendly

General

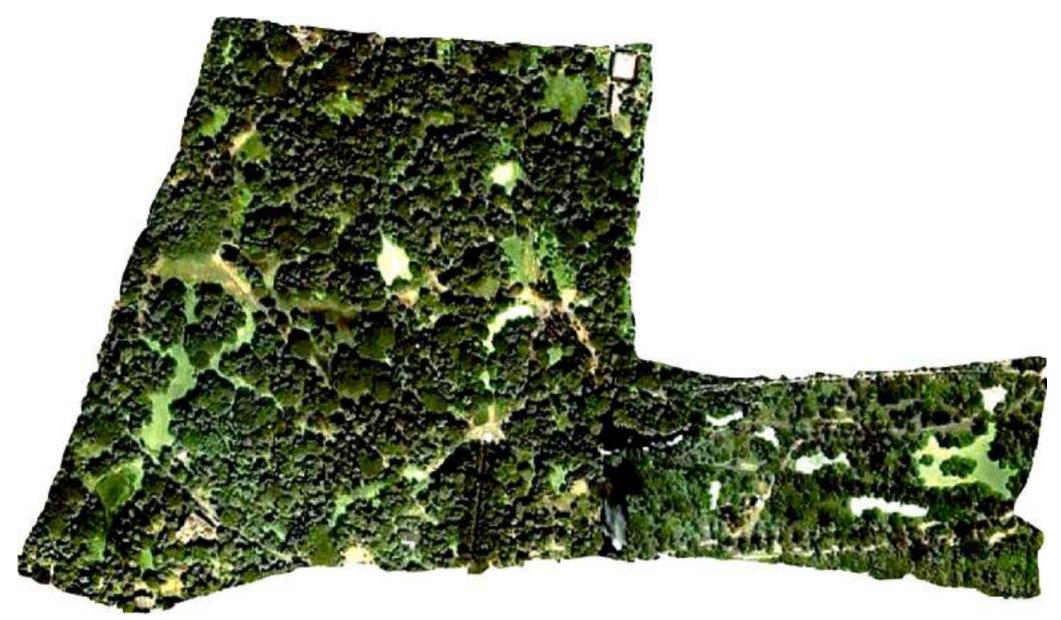
- 1. The whole Garden may be divided into three zones viz.,
 - 1) Tourist Importance Zone Entry through Ticket only (For Public),
 - 2) Free Zone for Local Habitants or regular visitors and
 - 3) Restricted Zone for Administrative and Scientific work.
- Name plates of plants should be fixed at suitable height on the trees with an additional signage with brief description of some of the very important plants should be installed nearby the trees
- Weed irradication in aquatic and terrestrial system should be done atleast quarterly or in adverse case must be done half yearly.
- Wastev Mud should be taken out from the lakes atleast at an interval of 15-20 years to have maximum water level for easy access to the plants and may be used as manure.
- 5. Orchidarium, Caetus House, Palm House, etc. needs to be maintained and strengthened
- 6. Treatment to the diseased trees/plants may be give as and when required.
- Piece/Aqua culturing may be introduced in some of the lake for revenue generation and attraction of tourists.

Tourist Importance Zone - Entry Through Ticket only (For Public)

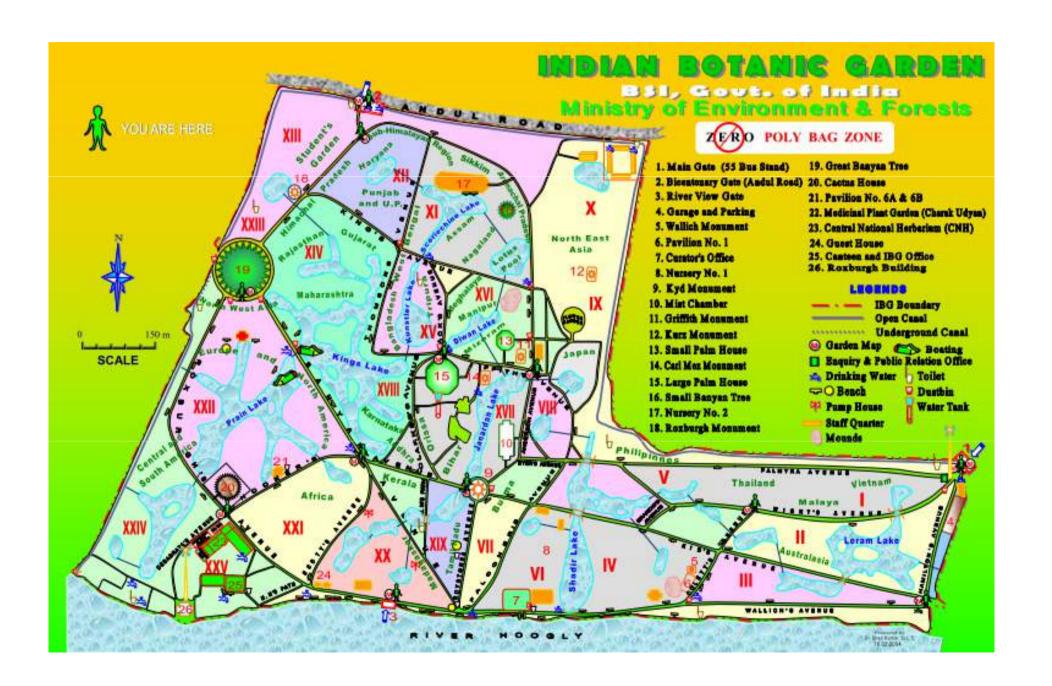
- One more ticket counter may be installed within the Garden for entry of those people who
 have already visited in Free and Restricted Zones and may wish to see the banyan tree,
 orchidarium, palm and cactus houses, etc. and enjoy the facilities of kids corner, ride on boat,
 etc.
- 9. Suitable signage for directions, protection and conservation of plants may be installed and in the interest of public and smooth working of IBG, brochure as well as pamphlets with "DO's and "DON'T" is to be distributed at the time of purchasing of ticket to each party/person
- Number of Security Guard and maintenance staff like Horticulturist/Planner, Gardener, Cleaner, Sweeper and other staff may be increased to fulfil the requirement
- 11 Landscaping (without disturbing to the existing plantations) for seasonal flower bed and plantations of trees having aesthetic sense and other purposes may be done.
- 12. Rockery with fountain, aquarium and some aesthetic flowering plants may be incorporated
- Provision of drinking water, lavatory and seating may be increased and or strengthened the existing one.
- 14. Shelter for security guard may be constructed for to watch and ward at different places
- 15. A small museum of plants pertaining to the plant products, study materials, poster, exhibits, etc. may be installed/constructed.
- 16. Kids Corner/Play Zone with swings, coasters, climbers, exercising utilities, etc. may be developed and incorporated.
- 17. Provision of boating (with ride ticket) in atleast one lake may be incorporated
- 18 A refreshment centre "Banayan Yum" may be started in one of the abandon Pavilion No. 3A & B existing in front of Great Banayan tree for tea, coffee, ice cream, cold drinks, snacks, biscuits, pastry, cake, toffees, chocolate, pop corn, and other dry eatables only
- Number of dustbin having aesthetic sense / value may be placed or constructed at an appropriate places or wherever seems is necessary.
- First Aid Box, Suggestions and Complaint Books are to be available at the Security Posts/Ticket Counters



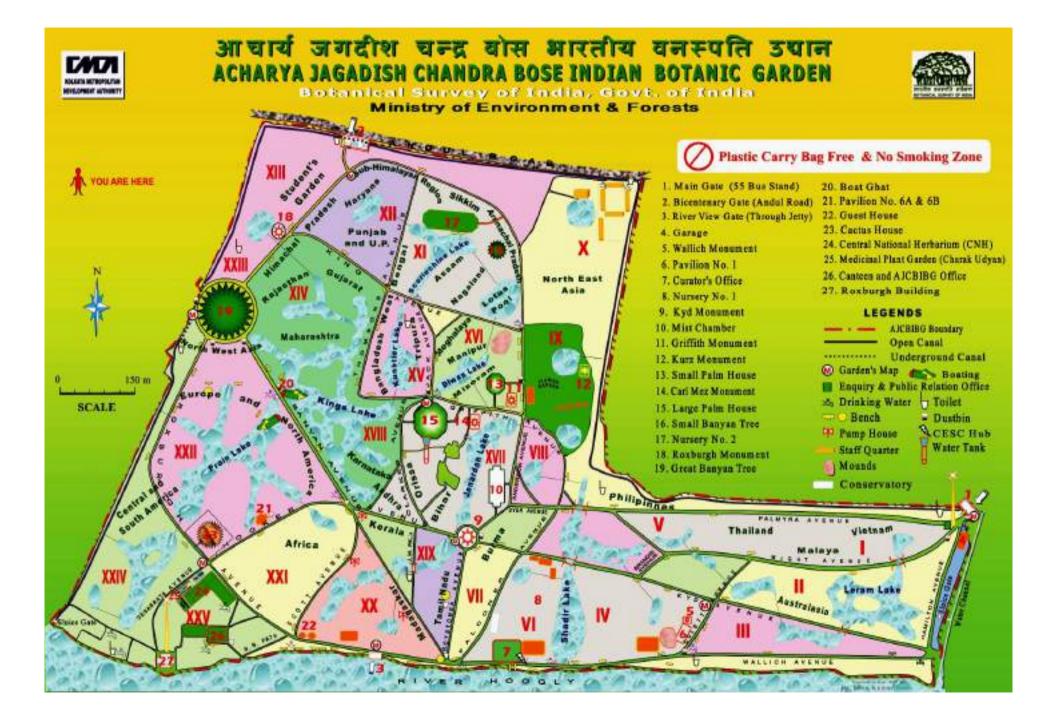
माँ गंगा जिसे यहाँ हुगली के नाम से जाना जाता है के दक्षिणी तट/किनारे पर यह उद्यान ऐसे अवस्तिथ है मानो यह अपनी माँ के गोद में सोया है । इसके अतिरिक्त आज इसके चारों तरफ घनी आबादी दिन-प्रति दिन बढ़ती जा रही है ।



जिलय, रेंगने व लता वाले पौधो को छोड़, आज इस उद्यान में 1200 किस्म के पेंड़ व पौधे जैसे उद्यान के चारों तरफ घनी आबादी ।



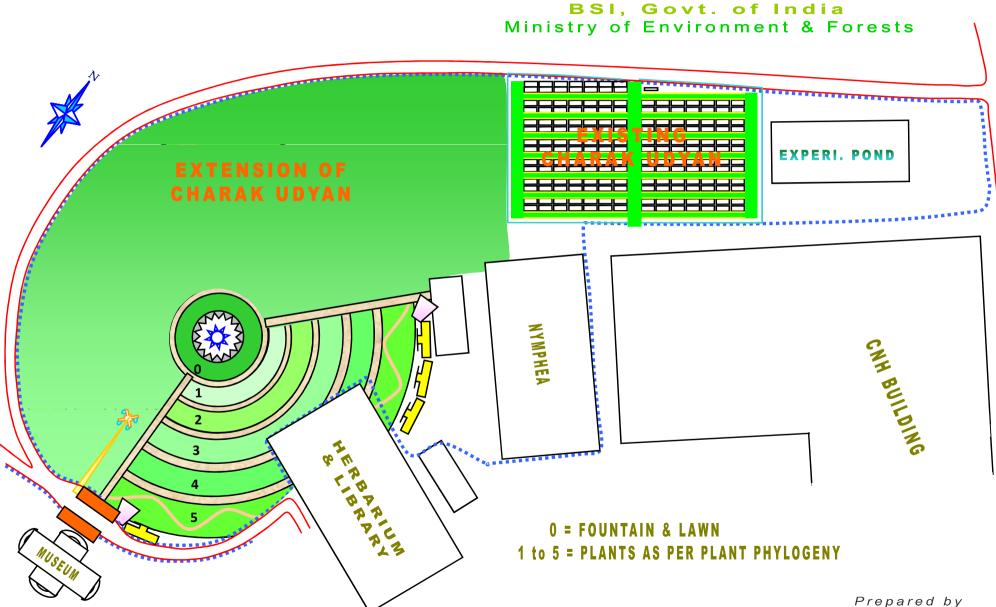






Plan for Plantation as per Plant Phylogeny & Extension of Charak Udyan

INDIAN BOTANIC GARDEN



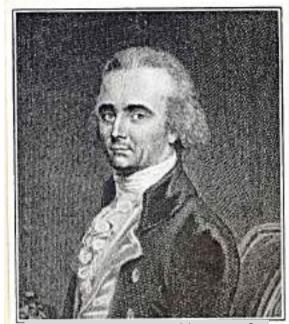
Dr. Sheo Kumar, Sci. 'C'

19.07.2006



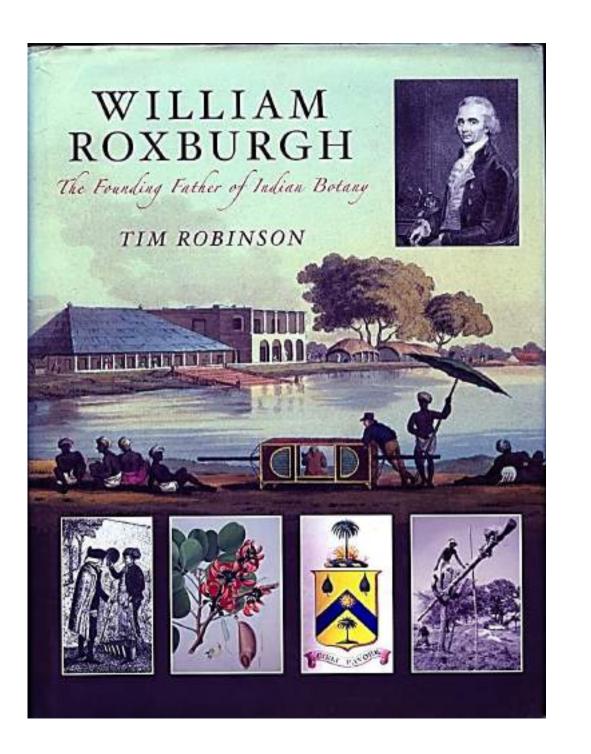
सन् 1793 ई. में कर्नल किड के मृत्यू के उपरांत ईस्ट इंडिया कम्पनी के एक सर्जन, डा. विलियम रॉक्सवर्ग को प्रथम वैतनिक अधिक्षक बनाया गया । इन्होंने इस उद्यान में वैज्ञानिक आधार पर पौधों को न सिर्फ लगवाया बल्कि पूर्व स्थापित एवं उनके दवारा लगवाये गए पौधों को पहचान करवाने के साथ उनके हरबेरियम को संरक्षित करने का श्भ कार्य उद्यान में निवास करते हुए 1813 तक किया । इस अदभूत कार्य के लिए इन्हें भारतवर्ष का वनस्पति विज्ञान का पितामह (Father of Indian Botany) कहा जाता है।

अपने कार्यकाल में इन्होंने उद्यान के अन्दर लगभग 3,500 वृक्षों को लगवाया ।



डा. विलियम रॉक्सवर्ग Dr. William Roxbugh







डा. विलियम रॉक्सवर्ग का तीन-तला घर

सर जॉर्ज गेय, स्थानीय जज का दो-तला घर









By September, Roxburgh was asking for reimbursement for the costs so far on the house, which must have been 8,000 rupees, for in May, he was asking for the balance of 7,000 rupees.22 However, in November, Roxburgh wrote that 'the accompanying account of the money I have already laid out on the House erecting for me in the Botanic Garden, the expence has exceeded considerably the estimates delivered to me by the Master Bricklayer and Carpenter at the beginning of the work' and asked for the difference of 5000 rupees, a request that was turned down as the 15,000 rupees the 'Government consider as a very liberal allowance.' The costs submitted by Roxburgh are given in Table 1 of Appendix 9. However, the house had been expected to be completed 'soon' at the end of December 1794: builders' timings have never been reliable!23 Equally, it looks very much as though Roxburgh planned from the outset to build a larger house than the Company gave permission for starting with his initial estimate of 25,000 rupees. When this was reduced to 15,000 rupees, he still went ahead to build to a cost of 20,000 rupees: again, how often do people increase the size of their plans as these are being developed, but in this case it does look as though he cut his plans only slightly as a result of the Company's decision, and paid the rest out of his own pocket - once more suggesting that he had already amassed quite a fortune.

ENTRY GATES





Before Entry

HOWRAH (55 MAIN) GATE

After Entry



Before Entry for Pedestrians

BICENTENARY GATE

Before Entry for Vehicles



wire newit/Government of India

ग्योवरण एवम् वन मंत्रालग/Ministry of Environment & Forests भारतीय वनस्पति सर्वक्षण/BOTANICAL SURVEY OF INDIA

संयुक्त निर्देशक का कार्यालय/Office of the Joint Director भारतीय जनस्पति उद्यान, हानदा-711 163/Indian Botanic Garden, Howests - 711 163

राख्या/No.: भा ल. त./IBG

विनांक/Date:

Dr. G. S. Giri Joint Director

No. IBG-Build (Roxbursh Building)/135-Admn.

Date: 16:06,2006

To,

Dr. Sheo Kenner Robanical Snovey of India CGO Georphy, Sallhare City

Sub.: Roxburgh Building - the proposed Roxburgh Museum: plan for floor-wise and room-wise display of important correspondences, manuscripts, paintings, etc. request for comment - reg.

Sir.

You are aware that the Roxburgh Building is one of the most important and heritage structures in Indian Botanic Garden (IBG) constructed during 1795 by William Roxburgh. The building had been used by Dr. Roxburgh during his stay in the garden from 1795 2 1814 as the 1° salaried Superintendent of IBG and probably the name 'Roxburgh Building' appeared as such. The first herbarium of Indian Botanic Garden established by Roxburgh was also started functioning in this building.

The building is now very badly damaged and under renovation by CPWD keeping the architectural fineries intact. It is proposed that after renovation, the historic building will be converted to "Recoburgh Museum" considering the outstanding contribution of William Roxburgh to the development of IBG, as well as the growth of botanical studies and research in todia for which he is rightly called as Father of Indian Botany.

Therefore, you are requested to give your valuable opinion and comment about the floorwise and room-wise display of historic documents and work of eminent botanists, paintings of important plants, items like ethno-botanically and economically important plants/parts, coloured photographs with amoutations, provision of audio-visual system, locture theater, sitting arrangements of staffs, guides, etc., at your earliest preferably within 15 days, so that a consolidated and belitting plan can be sent to the CPWD for interior decoration as desired.

Thanking you,

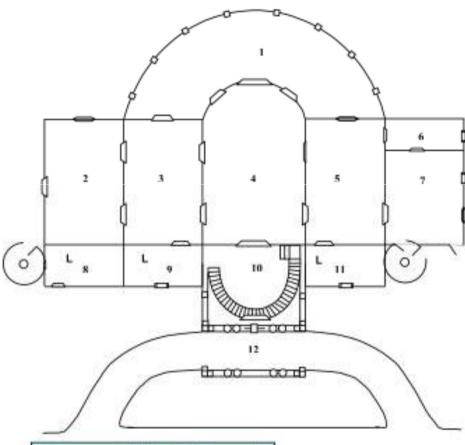
Your faithfully,

Enel.: Diagrammatic Floor Plan of Roxburgh Building.

VARANDAH CENTRAL SPERAL STAR UPTO TOP ROOF. CHOUNG PLOOP LINE PLAN FICKBURGH BUILDING VARANDAH CENTRAL THAT CRUCKS & GOVERN WIND SPRAL STAP UPTO TOP NODE CANDRY TOP SPRIAL STAR FIRST FLOOR LINE FLOW ROXINGH BUILDING DELLA BOOF CENTRAL RCC44 N 0 0 OF CHIEF PROPERTY. SPRIAL STAR UPTO TOP ROOF SPRIN, STAR LIPTO TOP ROOF SECOND PLOOR UNE PLAN

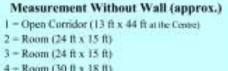
BOXBLEGH BUILDING

LAYOUT OF WILLIAM ROXBURGH BUILDING GROUND FLOOR



SCALE

(in ft)



- 4 Room (30 fl x 18 ft)
- 5 = Room (24 ft x 16 ft) 6 = Room (6 ft x 14 ft)
- 7 = Room (18 ft x 14 ft)
- 8 Existing Lavatory (8 ft x 15 ft)
- 9 = Existing Lavatory (8 ft x 15 ft)
- 10 = Passage without Stair (15 ft x 12 ft)
- 11 = Existing Lavatory (8 ft x 16 ft)
- 12 ~ Portico (11 ft x 24 ft)

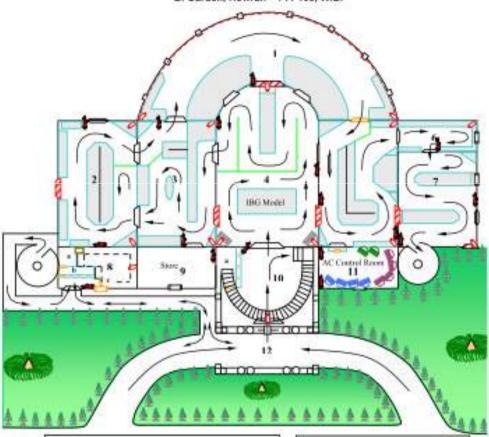
Height of Floor 15 ft

LEGENDS Doors Window of Door Size Closed Door Window Oven Spiral Stair Concentral Stair Pillars

Perpand by Ox. Shee X pour on 10.67, 2006

PLAN FOR WILLIAM ROXBURGH MUSEUM: GROUND FLOOR

Indian Botanic Garden, BSI, MOEF, Govt. of India B. Garden, Howrah – 711 103, W.B.



SCALE

(in ft)

Measurement Without Wall (approx.) 1 = Corridor with Grill as Messum for Field Machinery (13 ff x 44 ff at the Center)

- 2 = Museum (24 ft x 15 ft)
- 3 = Museum (24 ft x 15 ft)
- 4 = Mascum (30 ft x 18 ft) 5 = Mascum (24 ft x 16 ft)
- 6 Museum (6 ff. s. 14 ff.)
- 7 Museum (18 ft x 14 ft) 8 - Room (8 ft x 15 ft) for the following: a - Cashier: b - Ticket Counter and
 - c = Property Counter
- 9 = Store (8 ft x 15 ft)
- 10 = Passage without Stair (15 ft x 12 ft) with a = Assistance Booth
- 12 = Portico (11 ff x 24 ff) Height of Floor 15 ff

Hunared by UK. Shor Kamar on 12.07, 2009.



by the Dissibled and Old Aged Person.

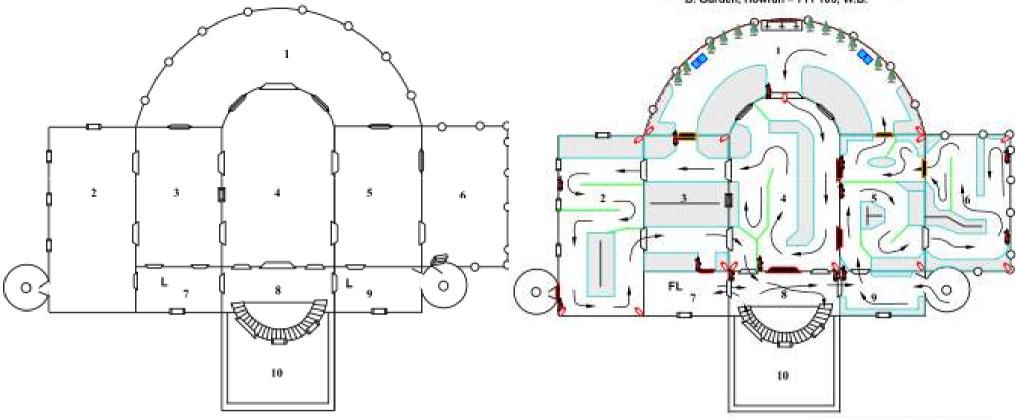
LAYOUT OF WILLIAM ROXBURGH BUILDING FIRST FLOOR

PLAN FOR WILLIAM ROXBURGH MUSEUM: FIRST FLOOR

Indian Botanic Garden, BSI, MOEF, Govt. of India B. Garden, Howrah - 711 103, W.B.

SCALE

(in fit)



Measurement Without Wall (approx.)

- 1 = Partly Open Corridor (13 ft x: 44 ft at the Centre)
- 2 Room (33 ft x 15 ft)
- 3 = Room (24 ft x 15 ft)
- 4 Room (30 ft x 18 ft)
- $5 = \text{Room} (24 \text{ ft} \times 16 \text{ ft})$
- 6 Partly Open Corridor (26 ft x 14 ft) (in ff)
- 7 = Existing Lavatory (9 ft x 15 ft).
- 8 = Passage without Stair (8 ft x 16 ft)
- 9 = Existing Lavatory (8 ft x 16 ft)
- 10 Terrace (18 ft x 24 ft at the Centre).

Height of Floor 16 ft

LEGENDS Doors Window of Door Saze Window Oven. Spiral Stair Central Stair Round Pillar

Depared by Oc. Shire Kjonar on 17:87,2004.

Measurement Without Wall (approx.)

- L = Corridor with Grill as Museum for Big Machinery, etc... (13 ft x 44 ft at the Central)
- 2 = Museum (33 ft x 15 ft)
- 3 Museum (24 ft v 15 ft).
- 4 Museum (30 ft s. 18 ft)
- 5 = Museum (24 ft s. 16 ft)
- 6 Parsly Open Carridor (26 ft s. 14 ft)
- 7 = Lavatory for Female (9 ff x 15 ff)
- 8 = Passage without Stair (8 ff x 16 ff)
- 9 Museum (8 ff. s. 16 ff.)
- 10 Terrace (24 ft x 18 ft at the Centre)

Height of Floor 16 ft.

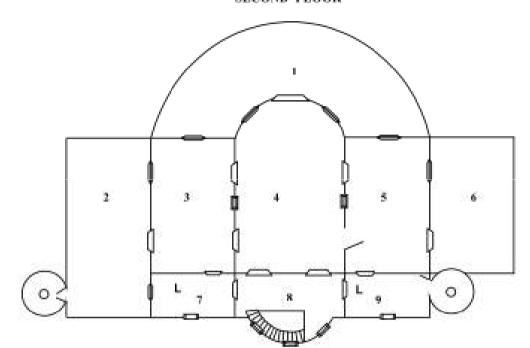


Physical by Cr. Skin Kanar on 10:07, 2006.

Steps to Spiral Stair

Existing Lavatory

LAYOUT OF WILLIAM ROXBURGH BUILDING SECOND FLOOR

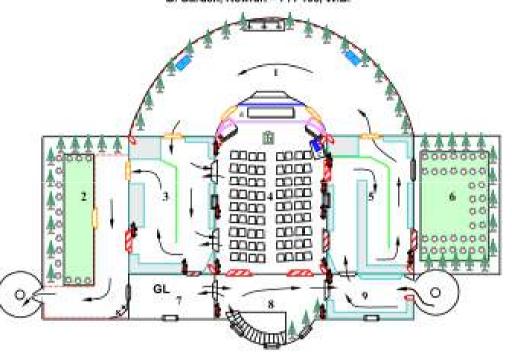


SCALE

(in fi)

PLAN FOR WILLIAM ROXBURGH MUSEUM: SECOND FLOOR

Indian Botanic Garden, BSI, MOEF, Govt. of India B. Garden, Howrah - 711 103, W.B.



Measurement Without Wall (approx.)

- 1 = Terrace (13 ft x 44 ft at the Centre)
- 2 Terrace (34 ft x 14 ft)
- 3 = Room (24 ft x 16 ft)
- 4 Room (32 ft x 18 ft)
- 5 = Room (24 ft x 16 ft)
- 6 Terrace (26 ft x 14 ft)
- T = Existing Layerory (8 ft x 16 ft)
- 8 = Passage after the Stair (8 ft x 16 ft)
- 9 = Existing Lavatory (8 ft x 16 ft)

Height of Floor 16 ft

LEGENDS Doors Window of Door Size Window Oven Spiral Stair Central Stair Existing Lavatory

Prepared by Dr. Shee Yumar on 18.07.2006.

Measurement Without Wall (approx.)

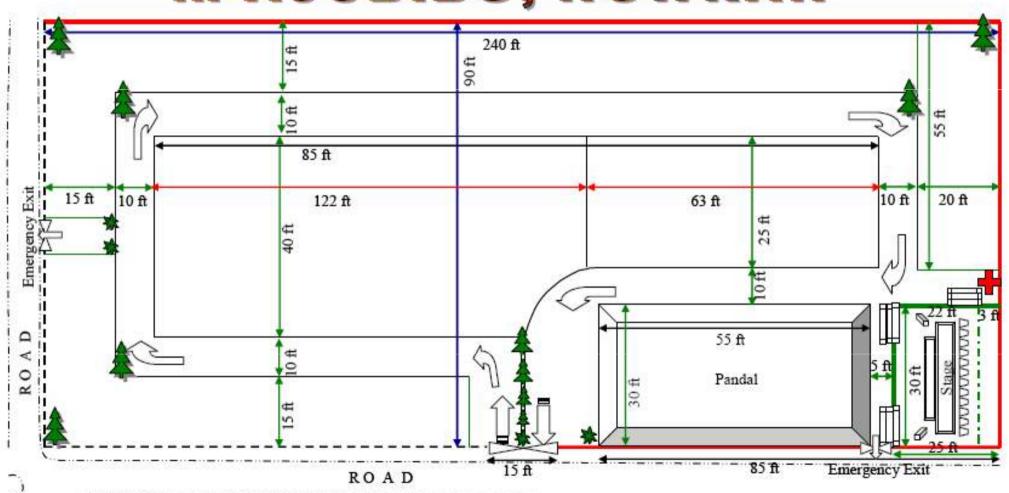
- 1 Grilled Terrace with Plants, Drinking Water & Chairs, (13 ft x 44 ft at the Centre)
- 2 Grilled Terrace with Plants & Lawn, Drinking Water and Final Exit through Spinal Stair (34 ft x 14 ft)
- 3 = Museum (24 ft x 16 ft)
- 4 = Auditorium for Auto Start Movies with the help of Sensors fixed at the Doors (32 ft x 18 ft) with :
 - a Stage with Curtain, Screen, Light Pittings, Sound Box, etc.,
 - b Harging Projector
 - c Control Panel for Audio-Visual Presentation
- 5 Museum (24 ft x 16 ft)
- 6 Terrace with Plants and Lawn (26 ft s. 14 ft)
- T = Lavotory for Gerts (8 ft x 16 ft):
- 8 Passage without Stair and Plants (8 ft x 16 ft)-
- 9 Misseum (8 ft x 16 ft)

Height of Floor 16 ft.



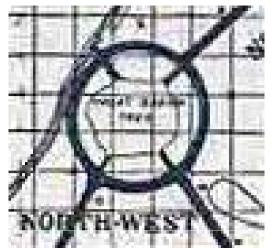
Prepared by Dr. Shee Kamar on 17.87, 2006

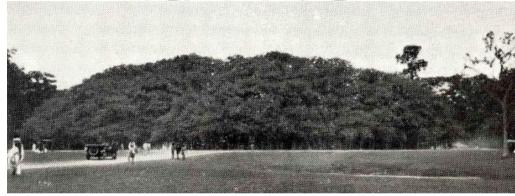
Layout Map of Flower Show'12 in AJCBIBG, HOWRAH







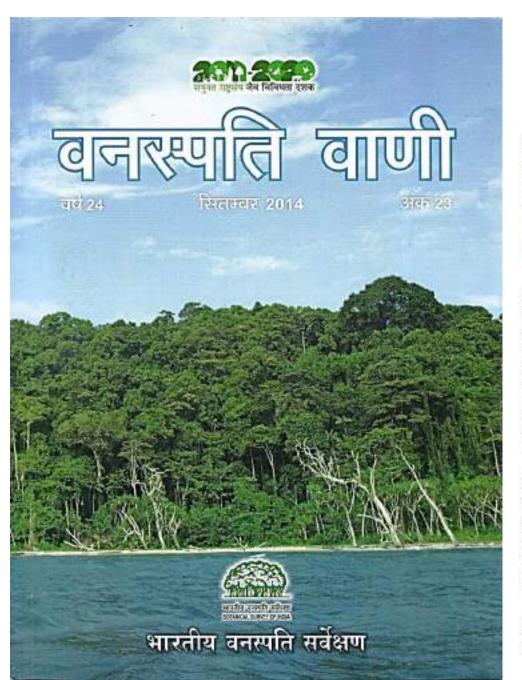




सन् 1942 ई. में वृहत वरगद वृक्ष का दृश्य







एक वृक्ष का अद्गुद जंगल

शिव कुनार

माताीय वनस्पति सर्वेश्रण, भारतीय गणराज्य वनस्पति छदाना, गीएवा



नगवान की कृष्ण ने भीमद्र नगवाद गीता में कहा है कि समस्य दुवी में यह कुछ ने प्रस् कुछ को 'क्ष्युक्त कंग्यलंकित' (मोरेसी कुत) नाम तो जाना जाता है। कियी में इसे सागद यह कुछ का बंगाली में इस्त, संस्कृत में करतीहा, बहुमदा के नाम से जाना जाता है। कियू संस्कृति के अनुवार वह दुव को 'करपदा में बरा जाता है। यह मारता का 'कानिक दुवा (एप्टेनिक) होने के लाव ही पाड़ीय पूढ़ा में है। परिवार नाम के जीत में पुत्र नाम पर रखे गये हैं। वह सामनी पूर्व, देखादन-पर्यहर करने वाले लोगों को इस पूछ के ठीत में जिसमें आप जीनवार पाड़ी या भारतीय शीदागर) जाता होकर व्यावार करते हुए दर्शाया नाम है। पूर्व गानियों के द्वार इस हव का अवेश महुमाना भारतीय जीवागों के लिए किया तथा पर्याय अवेश के इसका इस्तोनाल कन् 1500 ई. से शुरु किया, तथावि सम्म 1834 ई. से अवेश संख्यानों में मिनव ही, एक ऐसे दूस जिसके मीचे भारतीय शीदागर कपना प्यावार किया वस्तों थे, को आभारित पर अपने लेखों में लिखने लगे। इस पूर्व के द्वार अवविका काला प्रवार किया करने किया करने किया हम दिखन हुना करना था। यह विकारिका अलग मी जाती है। इस प्रकार इस दुक्त करना था। यह विकारका भी जाती है। इस प्रकार इस दुक्त करने बात में वैनावन पर गानि है। इस प्रकार इस दुक्त करने विचार में में में मानिया काला मी जाती है। इस प्रकार इस दुक्त करने ना में में में मानिया काला मी जाती है। इस प्रकार इस दुक्त करने मानियान पर गानिया मानिया करने मीच मिलवार हम के नाम मानिया मानिया करने मीच मानिया करने मीच मानिया मानिया

वहीं यह बताते हुए हमें वर्ष हो यह है कि ऐसा ही एक करेंगून रूपना विशासकार वट कुछ, पतिका हमात राज्य के आधार्य जाउदील कहा, बोल बतातीय बनायारे राज्यन, बतातीय बनायारी सर्वेशन, सावड़ा में 22°23'38.64" से लंकर 22°33'42'28" उसारे असांस तथा 88°17'86" से लेकर 88°17'18.18" पूर्वी देशांतर से एक्ट एजिनका केन्द्र 22°23'38.58" उसारी आवंति रामा 86°17'11,67" पूर्वी देशांतर) पर है एवं समुद्र ताल से 39 चीट की कैंबाई पर अवस्थित होने के साथ सर्वाधिक दल की परिभाण कर अनुकरण भी करता है।

LARGE PALM HOUSE

The Large Palm House was built in middle part of 19th Century for planting interesting palms and shade loving plants which is situated in Division No. XVII of the Indian Botanic Garden. The climbers grown over iron structure of this house are Antigonon leptopus Hook. & Am. and Porana paniculata Roxb. provide shade to planted palms inside. At the center of house just below the tomb grows Lodoicea maldivica (J. F. Gmelin) Persoon – the Double Coconut tree with glorious trunk and crown of green foliage (large leaves). Indigenous to Seychelles Islands (West Indian Ocean), this palm species was introduced and planted here in 1894. The largest fruit so far recorded is about 42 kg bears the largest seed bearing plant (mature seeds weigh up to 30 kg (44 lbs) so far described from Plant Kingdom. The seed looks like two coconut seeds fused together for which name stands the 'Double Coconut'. Other interesting palms planted in this Palm House are namely Areca nagensis Griff. (North East India). Arenga engleri Becc. (Malaysia), Astrocaryum maxicanum Liebm. ex Mart. (Mexico), Bentinckia nicobarica Becc. (Nicobars), Licuala peltata Roxb. ex Buch.-Ham. (Regional Himalaya), Livistona jenkinsiana Griff. (Regional Himalaya), Orbignya cohune (C. Martius) Standley (Hondurus), Rhopaloblaste augusta (Kurz) H. E. Moore (Nicobars) which are now endangered in their natural habitat. The climbing palm Calamus andamanicus Kurz. (Andaman), the bird nest fem Asplenium nidus L. and various shade loving plants including Rhaphidophora dicursiva Scott planted in Palm House altogether creates an environment that is comparable to a rain forest. Besides these, other notable plants include Cycas circinalis L., C. numphii Miq., Myristica fragrans Houtt. (Nutmeg) and other plants.



Victoria Lindl. (The Giant Water Lily) and its Profile



हिन्दा दिवस समारहि प्रश्नावली प्रतियोगिता दिनाक-१४/०९/२०१२ रीय राष्ट्रीय पादपालय भारतीय वनस्पति सबैक्षण हावडा -७१११०३



BGIR:

- Cactus and Succulent House during Oct. Nov., 2013
- Map of India 1st developed during Dec., 2013 and up-graded during Feb., 2016.
- Water bodies Sep., 2015
- Plan for establishment of a Museum to be run by NMNH, New Delhi during Nov., 2016
- Independence Day and Republic Days as well as various Environmental Education/Awareness Programme including Flower Shows and others.
- ➤ Temporary Shed for Organising Environmental Awareness Programme, Film Show, etc. during 2016
- Charaka Udyan to be inaugurated during Flower Show'2017
- Aquatic Nursery to be inaugurated during Flower Show'2017



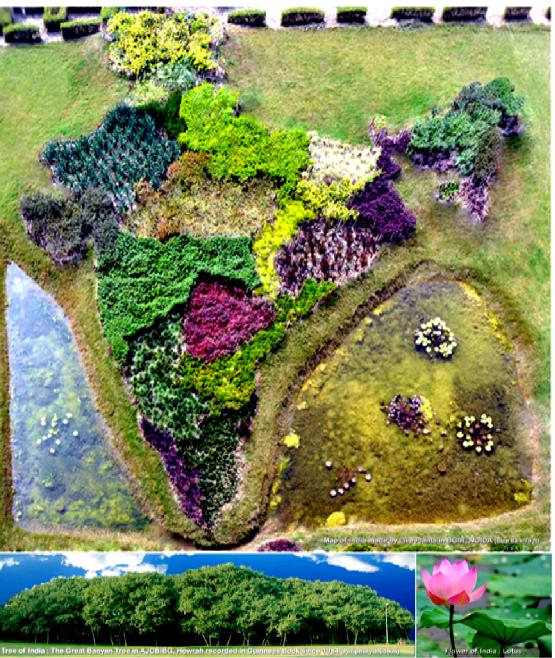






BOTANIC GARDEN OF INDIAN REPUBLIC

BSI, Ministry of Environmemt, Forest & Climate Change, Govt. of India Capt. Vijyant Thapar Marg, Sector - 38A, NOIDA - 201 303, U.P.



Merry Christmas and Happy New Year 2017

From Dr. Sheo Kumar, Scientis '5 & Head

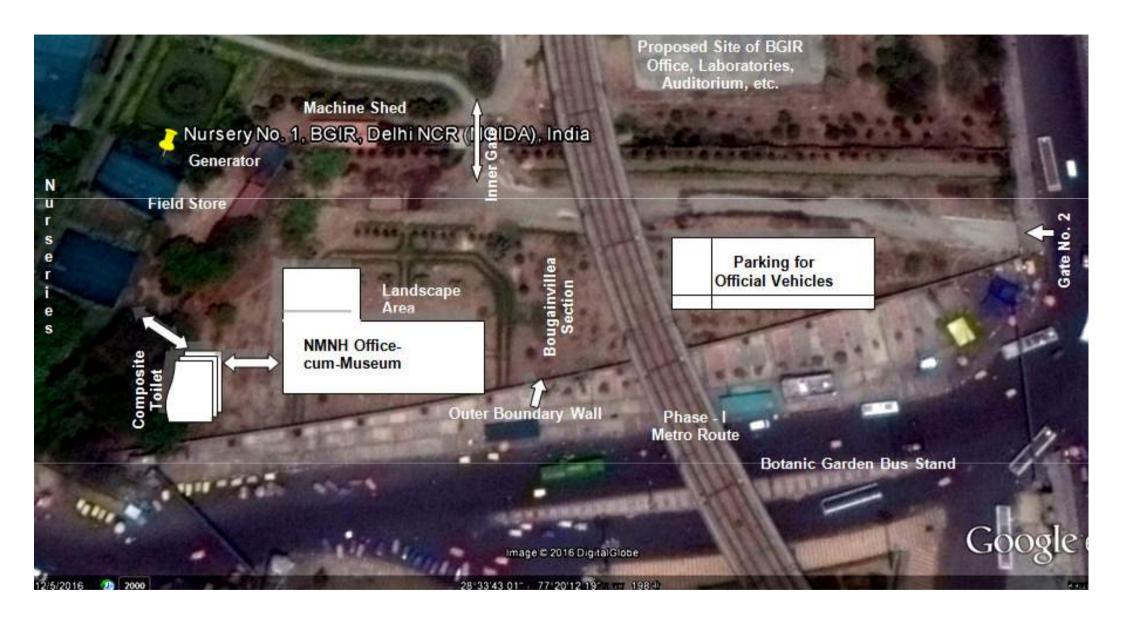
















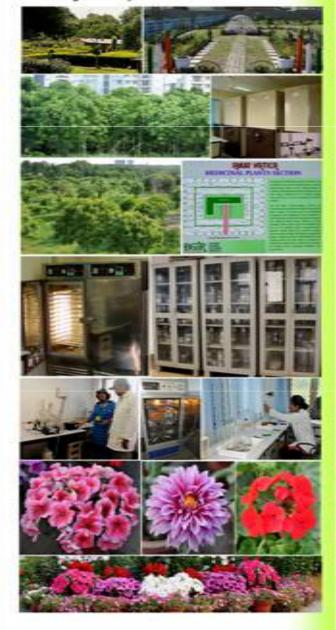






Nature Walk for Plants of Special Interest

Curious Plants in Beds, Cactus and Succulents, Medicinal Plants in 'Ayur Vatika', Economic Plant Section, Fruit Section, Green Belt Nursery, Water bodies, Herbarium, Seed Bank and Soil Testing Laboratory.



INAUGURAL DEREMONY

The 'Flower Show' was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Chief Guest, Dr. (Mrs.) R. Dalwani, Advisor, MOEF&CC on Feb. 25th 2016 at 09.00 AM along with Guest of Honour, Dr. Paramijit Singh, Director, BSI. All participants, Hon'ble Guests, Students/Scholars/ plant lovers were welcome by Dr. Sheo Kumar, Sci. 'E' & Head, BGIR to make the occasion a GRAND SUCCESS.



CLOSING CEREMONY

The 'Flower Show' will end on 28.02.2016 at 04.30 PM along with Prize Distribution ceremony of the organised 'National Science Day' from 12.00 Noon to 03.00 PM with series of event like Nature Walk, Documentary Film Show and Display of Exhibits i.e. 1). Poster, Model, etc. made on 'Application of Science for Conservation of Plants/Best from Waste, 2). Poster and Drawing Competitions and 3). Slogan Writing, etc.

Participating Institutions

- Sourced Barrey of India MOSFACC, God of India CCC Complex Bull Law Yorkes - 700 MW Will
- AJC Brew Indian Serant: Garden (AJCBSG)
 St. HUDETHOOL Clast of India
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CHEMNESO BY

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Feb. 25° to 28°, 2016 09:00 AM to 04:30 PM



Interesting Feature

- . Seasonal Flowers and Foliage
- . Gorano, Enderso and Threatened Plants and Seeds
- . Smallest and Largest Seeds in Plant Revolution.
- * Eithro-botancal Monor Shipting
- · Essions Uses of Plate # Pats
- . Thologoual Control of Monauto
- * Uccurrentary Film Shows
- · Nation Walk



BACKGROUND

Botanic Garden of Indian Republic is functioning as a living repository of more than 10,500 (total 10,666) individuals of 876 plant species (comprising 25 species of Pteridophytes (Non-Flowering Plants), 11 species of Gymnosperms (Naked Seed Plant) and 840 species of Angiosperms (Flowering and Closed Seed Plants II among 45 species are listed in IUCN Red List, brought from 23 States of the country have been conserved as per Article 9 of Convention of Biological Diversity (CBD) i.e. ex-sity Conservation in different sections/areas of the garden. Besides, seeds as 'Genetic Material' of 268. plant species belonging to 77 Family, comprises 132 endemic and 36 threatened species and rest of other plant species having economic, medicinal and ornamental properties have been conserved successfully in 'Seed Bank' of BGIR. Even, seeds of an endemic and Extinct (IUCN 2.3) species i.e. Steroulia khasiana Deb. has also been conserved.

Aim and Objective

The aim and objective of this 'Flower Show' is to impart awareness about importance of plants, their uses, conservation measures, different kinds and variety of non-flowering and flowering plants by displaying the live plants, plant parts, museum specimens, etc. Considering the same, 'Flower Shows' have been organised in BGIR since 2014. These are as follows:

Orchid Show - 2014

'Orchids Show' [Orchids are Monocot (contain single 'cotyledon'), classified primitive than Dicot (with two 'cotyledon'), known as most advancedlevolved plants in whole living Plant Kingdom' were exhibited in live form, photographs and paintings as well as lecture also organised on Feb., 09°, 2014 for two days. However, on public demand and since the plants retained bloomed flowers, the show continued for two months.



Flower Show - 2015

The 1st Flower Show of most Dicot Plants' (specially Winter Annuals/Seasonal) developed in the BGIR, was held from Feb. 25st to 28st, 2015. The show was concluded along with the Prize Distribution ceremony of the organised 'National Science Day' on Feb., 28st, 2015. More than 35 varieties of Seasonal Annuals, Cactus & Succulents were displayed along with plants known to occur at different Geological Time Scale & History of Life on Earth viz. Psilotum nudum (L.) P. Beaux, of Silunan & Devonian periods, Equipetum hyemale L. of Carboniferous period and Gingko bilobe L. of Jurassic period. Five Documentary Films were also screened. Thousands of national and international students, teachers, researcher, scientists, intellectuals and plant lovers witnessed the show.



The attraction of this year's Flower Show'16 ...

Besides, display of full bloom 36 Winter Annuals/Seasonal plants and developed area, as well as curious exhibits brought from different Regional Centre of Botanical Survey of India exhibited during this year's 'Flower Show' are as follows:

- "Map of India" made by live plants (size 83 ft. x 74 ft.) along with three oceans, mother Ganga and Yamuna.
- # Seasonal Flowers
- * Economic and Medicinal Plants
- * Types of Fruits
- * Seeds of Endemic and Threatened species
- Seeds of Sequoia/Meta Sequoia (Tallest tree develop from Seeds in mm
- * Seeds of Victoria (Largest Leave bearing Aquatic Plant)
- Orchid and Double Coconut (Smallest and Largest Seeds of whole Plant Kingdom)
- * Foonomic Uses of Plants & Parts.
- * Enthno-botanical Museum Exhibits
- * Biological Control of Mosquito
- Documentary Film Shows in Committee Room on Plant.
 Diversity of the Country and Herbarium Technique, etc.



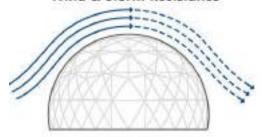




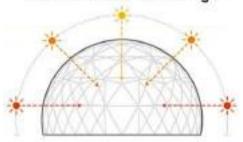




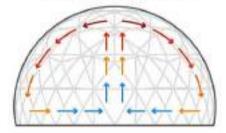
Wind & Storm Resistance



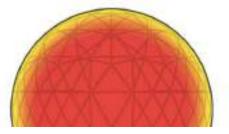
Maximum Solar Gain & Light



Air Flow & Ventilation



Uniform Temperature







Sir George King, The Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta since 1871 who became first ex-officio Director of BSI on day on foundation i.e. on 13.02.1890





Dr. Paramjit Singh, Present Director as on 13.02.2012

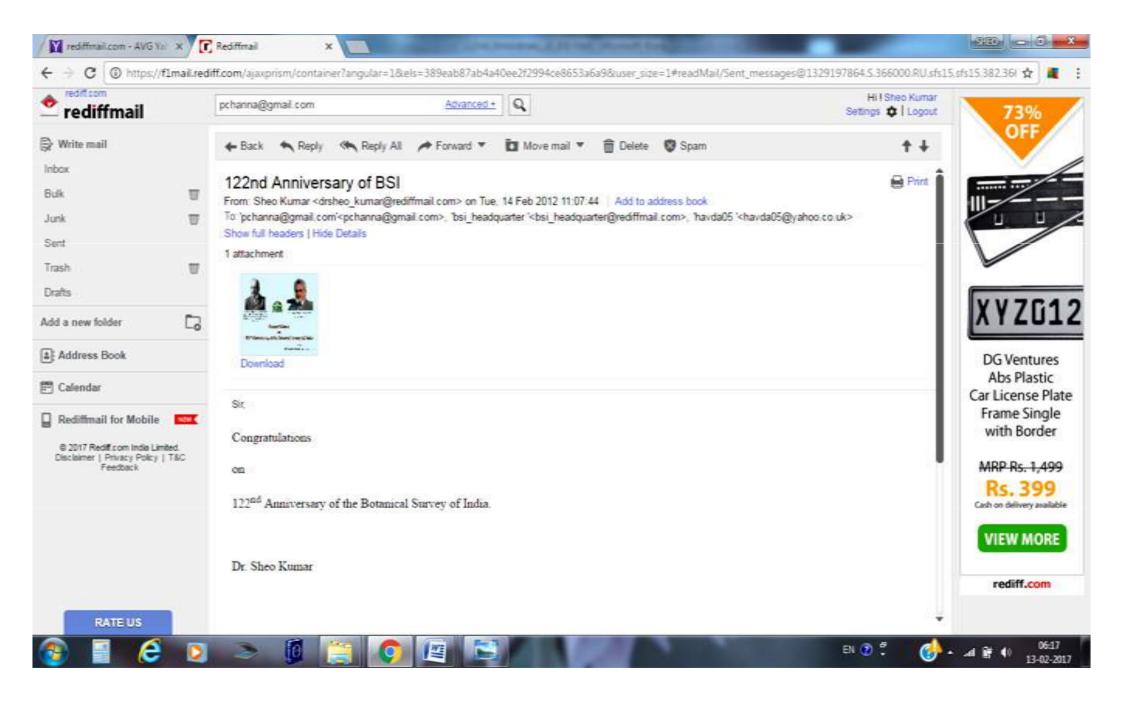
Congratulations

on

122nd Anniversary of the Botanical Survey of India

From

Dr. Sheo Kumar, Scientist 'D', AJCBIBG



FUTURE PLAN OF THE RESEARCH

- ➤ Depends upon Formation of Society
- ➤ Otherwise whatever, ongoing projects are assigned during 2016 17 may be continued
- ➤ Number and Frequency of Tours may be increased to introduce more number of endemic and threatened plants of the Country for which this garden has been established
- As number of Sections increased and maintained in last four years hence, number of field, ministerial, administrative may be increased.

